MES. 19  THE FORMATION OF THE MODERN MIDDLE EAST

Answer three questions. All questions carry equal marks.

Answer each question in a separate answer booklet.

Write your number not your name on the cover sheet of each answer booklet.

STATIONERY REQUIREMENTS
8 Page Answer Book x 3
Rough Work Pad

SPECIAL REQUIREMENTS
None

You may not start to read the questions printed on the subsequent pages of this question paper until instructed that you may do so by the Invigilator.
Answer three of the following questions

1. How much had changed between the efforts of Amir Kabir and those of Mirza Husain Khan to reform Qajar government, in terms of their aims, methods and failures?

2. Why is it significant that in his memoir, *Mission for My Country*, Muhammad Reza Shah Pahlavi referred to the coup that restored him to the throne in 1953 as a “miracle” that revealed the people’s love for him? Discuss some other readings of the overthrow of Musaddiq.

3. How was the Shi‘i clerical establishment able to emerge as the dominant force in Iranian politics by 1979?

4. Describe some of the cultural innovations of early Palestinian Zionism as well as the context and the background to them.

5. Discuss how Jewish immigration to Israel after 1948 transformed the country.

6. Explain the term *nizam-i cedid*. Why did it face resistance and how did rulers respond?

7. How did Islamic reform develop in the century between 1850 and 1950 and how did it interact with nationalism?

8. What were the main forms of European colonialism in the Middle East and North Africa between 1830 and 1930? Why did they change over time?

END OF PAPER