

ASIAN AND MIDDLE EASTERN STUDIES TRIPOS Part IA

Middle Eastern Studies

Tuesday 2 June 2009

09.00 - 12.00

MES.7 INTRODUCTION TO THE CONTEMPORARY MIDDLE EAST

Candidates should answer **THREE** questions. All questions carry **equal** weight.

Write your number not your name on the cover sheet of each Section booklet.

STATIONERY REQUIREMENTS

20 Page Answer Book x 1 Rough Work Pad

You may not start to read the questions printed on the subsequent pages of this question paper until instructed that you may do so by the Invigilator.

- 1 **Either** (a) Give a general survey of the languages that are currently spoken in the Middle East.
- **Or** (b) Describe in broad terms the differences between literary standard languages and vernacular dialects, with reference to one or more of the Semitic languages of the modern Middle East.
- 2 How has Orientalism, and reactions to it, affected the way in which the Middle East is studied, represented and understood?
- 3 **Either** (a) Explain how the ways in which "engagement with the question of how to be modern" affected "understandings and expressions of women's piety" among the Shi`i Muslim community in al-Dahiyya. (L. Deeb, *An Enchanted Modern*, 2006, p.5).
- **Or** (b) How did the Middle East change in the 19th century as a result of the encounter with Europe?
- What do you consider to be the main contributing factors in the 1978 Iranian Revolution?
- To what extent were Mahmud II's reforms driven by military requirements?
- 6 Give a critical analysis of the concept of diglossia. In your answer, provide a definition of this concept, discuss its characteristics and consider critically the degree to which it applies in the Arabic language situation.
- Discuss negation of the Diaspora in Jewish national thought in the first half of the 20th century, using Hebrew texts as examples.
- 8 Discuss the revision of Zionist ideology in the 1950s and 1960s, using Hebrew texts as examples.

END OF PAPER