In recent decades, Japan has become a rapidly aging, low birthrate society. Late marriage and no marriage have also become commonplace. With the prolonged recession, stable, regular employment declined, wages declined, and the prototypical ‘salaryman’ male of the postwar period took a beating. In this milieu, how do young adults feel about gender roles in marriage? Have attitudes changed in regard to co-habitation, marriage and childrearing, and if so, how? How do the unmarried imagine themselves in the future, and how do the married wish to rear their children? How do these young-ish adults view their situation in today’s labor market—are they risk-taking neo-liberals or do they pine for stable employment based on the seniority wage? Through this interview study we can discern a range of diverse views, but those in regard to childbearing and rearing in particular remain fairly conservative.

The data from this work in progress come from a qualitative survey of sixteen adults ages 23-39, as part of a larger survey research project of the East-West Center’s Population and Health Research Program on Family Change in Asia.

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